

GRAND RAPIDS HERALD.

VOL. VIII—NO. 51.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 20, 1892.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

MAY NOT STEP DOWN

Carnot Averse to Accepting Freycinet's Resignation.

EVERYTHING QUIET AT PARIS

Deputy Law Minister Began a Suit Against Minister Constant for Assault and Battery.

Paris, Feb. 19.—The ministerial crisis was sprung suddenly and with no apparent cause upon the chamber of deputies yesterday that it has had little or no disturbing effect as yet upon the public. There is some excitement, but it is confined to purely political circles, although it is capable of extending, if fanned into a flame. Today Paris is perfectly quiet. Affairs in the ministries and at the Paris bourse go on the same as ever. Everybody awaits the result with tranquillity. It is the general belief that President Carnot has been tired of office for some time. Rumors in the cabinet have rendered his position uncomfortable and the defeat of the ministers on the associations bill was simply the last straw. Besides, M. de Freycinet feels that Minister Constant is anxious to become premier and he is not disposed to stand in his way.

The prevailing opinion is that there will be a dissolution of the chamber unless the ministry which has just resigned is patched up. M. de Freycinet, who dined with President Carnot, was baffled in both as Clemenceau intended he should be, and beaten by the combination of the radicals with the right, which Clemenceau, the most artful tactician in the chamber, had quickly arranged.

M. Laur, the Boulangist deputy who was twice struck in the face by Minister Constant in the chamber on January 19, as he was descending from the speaker's tribune after grossly insulting the minister, is still smarting from the blow he received. Unable, after due reflection and consultation with his friends, to provoke the minister to fight him by sending him a challenge some thirty hours after the assault, M. Laur, after a month's further deliberation, has decided to call Constant to account in the courts of law, and has had served upon the minister a summons to answer to charges of assault and battery.

Paris, Feb. 19.—President Carnot has accepted the resignation of Minister de Freycinet.

PORTER MADE PRESIDENT.

Election of Officers of the Grant Monument Association.

New York, Feb. 19.—General Horace Porter was elected President of the Grant Monument Association at the annual meeting this afternoon. James C. Reed was elected secretary, to succeed Richard T. Greener, who declared that, as it was understood the salary of the office was to be abolished, he would not be a candidate. Governor Flower's resignation as an active member of the association was received.

To fill vacancies created by the resignations of ex-President William A. Grace, Hamilton Fish, both Lord and Governor Flower the following trustees were elected: Alex. E. Orr, of Brooklyn; General Wager Swaine, Granville M. Dodge, and Frank T. Lillard. Sidney Dillon was elected first vice-president, Albert Gallus second vice-president, and Horace L. Hotchkiss was re-elected treasurer. L. F. Shepp, C. H. T. Collis, A. E. Orr, Wager Swaine, Cornelius O. Bailey, and A. B. Cornell were added to the executive committee.

STAKED CLAIMS AT NIGHT.

Excitement Runs High at the New Gold Fields.

ORAY, Cal., Feb. 19.—The Cutler creek gold strike appears to be genuine. Men were climbing over the hills and staking claims all night. More than 100 claims have been staked in the last twenty-four hours. The country is under the snow and it is speculation to say what the result will be. There is gold there, and wonderful specimens have been found, but the extent and quantity is yet to be determined. For years it has been known that placer gold existed there, and some placer mining has been done in the vicinity. It is believed this find is the source of the old placers. The gold is found in a conglomerate formation abounding in hematite iron boulders, coarse gravel and semi-decomposed quartz. Many of the boulders when broken open are filled with virgin gold, and some of them run by assay nearly 100 ounces to the ton.

SENSATION AT MOBILE.

County Administrator Espalla Disappears in a Strange Manner.

MOBILE, Ala., Feb. 19.—Joseph Espalla, Jr., county administrator and a prominent real estate broker, left Mobile on the 9th, presumably for Chicago. F. T. Horton, his confidential clerk, received a brief note, dated New Orleans, the 18th, announcing his employer's arrival in that city. Nothing further has been heard from Espalla. As soon today Horton died in the

STOOD BY THE JURY

The Supreme Court Affirms Appealed Liquors Cases.

THE LINES DRAWN VERY CLOSE

No Back Rooms Go—The Court Says Minimum That Jurors Can Use Their Common Sense.

LANSING, Feb. 19.—The supreme court handed down their opinions in cases where parties had been convicted in the courts below for violations of the liquor law, in all of which the convictions were affirmed. In the People vs. John B. Higgins, the rooms in the rear of that where the bar was located was connected by a hallway, a billiard room was in the rear. The respondent was convicted of keeping his saloon open on Sunday, and on the day in question a party of fourteen friends of the proprietor accompanied him through the saloon to the billiard room and two witnesses testified that from the outside they heard the clinking of glasses, the noise of the cash register in operation, and the voices of the party. The defense set up that the bar was closed and separated from the other rooms by heavy curtains and barricades, and that no liquor was dispensed in the other rooms; that the respondent was a teacher and spends his Sundays at his saloon, where he entertains his friends, and that nothing but card playing was indulged in. The court says the question whether rooms connected with a bar in which liquors are served and in which the bar is lawfully open must be regarded as parts of the saloon under the closing law, is no longer an open one under its decision, citing in support, 70 Mich., 247; 65 Mich., 130; 61 Mich., 344, cases of the People vs. Cox, Higgins and Scranton. The rooms in the rear must be deemed parts of the saloon. The questions in dispute with reference as to what took place inside are not important. Conceding all the respondent sets up, there was clearly an infraction of the law.

Two Other Unfortunates.

In People vs. Ringsted, respondent kept a hotel in Muskegon, and somewhere in the rear of his saloon he maintained what was termed a "green room," in which was set up a temporary bar with a sign of license. A door led from the saloon proper into a hallway and from the hallway into this room. The proprietor, Ringsted, was found in this room with another party on Sunday when admittance was demanded by the officers, Ringsted admitting them. No liquors were seen by the officers but men had been seen drinking there by them on other days. It was contended that the "green room" was no part of the saloon, which was not open on that day, and to warrant a conviction, the information should have charged that the bar, located in the room, was not kept closed on Sunday. The court holds that the room was plainly an adjunct of the saloon, for the purpose of making sales on Sundays and after hours, and when liquors could be served from the saloon on week days. It was a part of the saloon, and the information was not defective. The court holds the language entirely proper and that the jury are not to be deterred from exercising common sense in drawing inferences from testimony.

It was not necessary to show that liquors were technically sold or paid for in the room; it was immaterial where they were paid for. The room was unquestionably one required for use on Sunday, says Chief Justice Moore, and the conviction is sustained. In People vs. Timothy Crowley of Grand Rapids, respondent kept a saloon at No. 142 Grandville avenue, Grand Rapids, having a grocery, a dwelling on the same floor, the grocery being between the dwelling and saloon. He was convicted of keeping open on Sunday in December, 1890. The testimony showed that he was seen to handle glasses and bottles and to manipulate the beer pump, and that voices were heard inside, but no other persons were seen there.

The defendant set up that there was no one but himself and his family there when it was necessary for the latter to go for getting water for family use, and that his barkeeper also came in for a lantern; that the beer drawn was for his own use.

The barkeeper testified that he went in for the lantern and that he took a drink of beer. The court holds that the respondent was properly convicted on the evidence of the barkeeper alone and that the barkeeper had no more right to go into the saloon and drink on Sunday than any other person. But it holds that the proprietor and the members of his family could go there for necessary purposes.

AGE IS NO BAR.

A Juror Over Sixty Years of Age Can Serve.

LANSING, Feb. 19.—The supreme court this morning handed down an opinion in the case of The People vs. Charles Hawn, which establishes the qualifications of jurors who may be excused from jury service under the statute on account of his age. A party above the age of 60 years was a jurymen in the above case, and it comes to this court upon exception that the juror was disqualified and subject to challenge for cause on account of his age. The court holds that the privilege of exemption under the statute is for the benefit of the juror alone—a privilege which he can waive if he desires. A person exempt under the statute is not necessarily disqualified.

This is a privilege giving immunity from jury service, not a disqualification and effects the juror alone. He cannot upon this ground be challenged for cause, and the conviction of the court below is affirmed.

CONDITION OF THE PRISONS.

The Auditor General's Quarterly Report of Penal Institutions.

LANSING, Feb. 19.—Auditor General Hawn has issued a quarterly statement of the financial condition of the penal, reformatory, and charitable institutions of the state, which also includes

HONORS TO BE WON

A Jackson Horseman Talks of Possible Records.

MORE MONEY IN ROAD HORSES

Than in Racing Third Rate Trotters. Studying for Speed is Reduced to a Future Science.

J. C. Days of Jackson, one of the best known breeders and horsemen in the country, is a guest at the Morton. "I've just been up looking at James A. Hilly's horses," he remarked last night. "They have some mighty good ones and, and there isn't any reason why they shouldn't have some mighty fast horses if they are treated properly. I was down to Brown & Shedd's farm at Kalamazoo the other day, and I was surprised. Why, you can't find a better drove of head horses in the country than they have. I don't care where you go. You may go to Lexington, Kentucky, or to Senator Stanford's California stock farm, but you won't find a better bred lot of mares anywhere. They are all fast horses and all come from mighty good stock. Some of them have a pedigree of four or five generations of Byers. That is what counts in a breeding horse. Horse breaking isn't what it used to be. It has become a science. Men are studying the qualities that produce speed and making careful efforts to combine these qualities. Horse breeding has reached a stage that you can breed a colt, and guess almost what his record will be. There are certain laws that are practically unchangeable. For instance if you know the record of the sire and of the dam, and these records are about equal, you may safely prophesy that if the colt is a perfect animal physically and is trained the way a colt ought to be, he will lower by a trifle the lowest record of his dam or sire, which ever may be the faster horse. There is much to be done in this line. If that colt lives to be three years old he will make a record as low as his mother's, and if nothing happens to him until he is four years old, he will lower her record."

Organized a Driving Club.

LANSING, Feb. 19.—Lansing's kite shaped track is in sight. A number of its prominent horsemen last night organized the Lansing Driving Club association with a capital stock of \$50,000. A board of four directors was chosen who will later elect a president, secretary and treasurer of the association. Horace Lapham, James M. Turner and Charles Donney were appointed a committee to select a site. It is expected that everything will be in readiness for a spring meeting on a kite shaped track.

DEMOCRATIC CONSPIRACY.

Federal Contract Labor Case on Trial at Eau Claire.

St. CLAIR, Wis., Feb. 19.—United States Marshal Oakley and Assistant Marshal Main arrested Christian Huebner and C. W. E. Sommermeier, two of the principal owners of the Eau Claire pearl button factory, and brought them tonight before General Griffith, United States commissioner, on the charge of violating the Federal contract law. The examination is in progress tonight.

The complaint was made by two discharged employees of the factory—William Voight and Herman Hackenholz. Voight is on the stand, and his story is that Huebner, who went to Europe last fall, hired two witnesses and three other men at Gardenthauser, in Germany, and brought them over on the steamer Fuerst Bismarck to New York, and thence to Eau Claire, to work in the button factory. The defendants deny the charge. United States Attorney Harper conducts the examination for the United States.

Immigrant Inspector Busch, of Chicago, who had been here and taken the affidavits of complainant, is also present. The prosecution is regarded by Huebner and Sommermeier as having been started by prominent local democrats, who are worried over the prominence which has been given to the button factory, which is claimed to have been established solely by the operation of the McKinley law.

The Eau Claire button factory was frequently mentioned on the stump in Ohio last fall and has furnished a strong republican argument. It is ascertained that some of the employees of the factory came over from Germany last fall and went right to work making buttons, and that Huebner came back from Europe about the same time. It is also certain that the two employees who make the complaint were discharged two weeks ago because they demanded more pay. They claim that Huebner paid them money on board the ship coming over so that they would have it to show at New York to avoid being sent back; and also that he paid their traveling expenses and that they quit because he wanted to take a week out of their wages.

Swallowed by a Trust.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—The Economic Gas company has been absorbed by the Chicago Gas trust. The big concern swallowed the new one at New York today. News of the closing of the deal was wired here by C. J. Singer over a private wire today to W. J. Watson, one of the Economic directors. The effect on securities will, unquestionably be marked.

Pool Work Suspected.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 19.—The dead body of Sarah Joyce, 21 years old, was found today in a lonely spot on Second avenue with a bullet hole through her head. This afternoon Henry Cottell, a negro, was arrested on suspicion of having attempted to assault the girl on her way home last night, and killing her when she made an outcry for assistance.

For Care of the Sick.

The bills for the care of city patients for the month of January have been presented to the city comptroller by the different hospitals. The total amount is \$308.47. There are 12 patients at St. Mark's and the bill for their care is \$115.20 for the month; 14 at the B. A., and a bill of \$162.67; 9 at the Woman's home and hospital and the bill is \$55.00. The average charge for a week's board for a city patient is \$2.25, and from that up to \$6 or \$8, according to the attendance, nursing, etc.

BLUFFED WITH A GUN.

Lansing School Boys Carry Loaded Revolvers.

LANSING, Feb. 19.—A 10-year-old boy in our public schools yesterday, in order to escape punishment, presented a loaded revolver to the head of his teacher. It was taken from him and found to have three chambers loaded. It was further discovered that three other school boys carried revolvers, and no less than thirteen were owners of such weapons, some of them with the consent of their parents. It was also found that twenty boys indulged in the habit of cigarette smoking in the grade alone.

Supreme Court Cases.

LANSING, Feb. 19.—Opinions Read: Affirmed—Brotherman vs. Goldsman, People vs. Higgins, People vs. Hawn, Boyce vs. Auditor General, Connor vs. Third National Bank of Detroit, Connor vs. Mitts, Wood vs. Michigan Air Line and Grand Trunk Railway Companies, People vs. Scott, People vs. Wright, Bank of Montreal vs. J. E. Polk and J. L. Lumber Co., People vs. Timothy Crowley, People vs. Ringsted, Reversed—Days vs. Freycinet, People vs. Stott (defendant discharged). In People vs. Hebe, information quashed and defendant discharged. In School District No. 2 of Rockey vs. Samuel S. Clark, the appellant was allowed until March 6 to file assignment of errors which was accidentally omitted. Cases heard—(11) Milton E. Jordan et al vs. Wm. E. DeGolié et al; (14) John T. Tuman vs. School District No. 10, St. Clair; (43) George A. Lester vs. Charles Thompson; (1) James B. Smith vs. Estate of Eugene Smith; (41) Port Huron & Northwestern Railway company vs. Bennett Richards. Court adjourned until March 1 with the following cases on call: 112, 42, 45, 105, 147, 75, 108.

He Makes a Prophecy.

"I am almost as sure of that as it has already done it. You wait and see if my prophecy doesn't come true. In fact it can hardly fail to come true." "Do you expect to see any records broken this season?" "Shouldn't be surprised to see 'em all smashed except the 2-year-old record. That probably won't be. It may not be smashed next year, but the third year it will have to come. Arion has done a great thing; but that record can't last in these days. I expect to see the stallion record broken—perhaps two or three times. Several horses may break the present one. I don't think Enrol's record of 2:31 will last very long either. It would have been a great thing a few years ago; but records are mighty evanescent things these days. I am getting rather old, but I expect before I see to see a horse trot it in two minutes. I can't see any reason why it shouldn't be, and can see every season why it should. When Flora Temple went in 2:19 everybody thought it was wonderful, and few people thought the record could possibly be broken. What has been the result? A horse that can't go a mile faster than that is hardly worthy to be called a trotter. Yes, sir, I shall both live to see a two minute record."

There is one thing in horse breeding that I wish people would pay a little more attention to. That is in raising and developing carriage and coach horses. That is one branch of the horse business that is being entirely neglected. It is almost impossible to procure a good matched span of carriage horses these days. If a man has a horse that is good at all he spends three times what it is worth trying to make a trotter of it. Whereas if he would permit it to develop into a good carriage horse that could go in 2:50 it would be worth much more than the trotter. I have horses in my stable that I have had for two or three years. I am trying to find good mates for them, and stand ready to pay trotting horse prices any day. There is an immense demand for good carriage and coach horses, and the supply is constantly decreasing. The man who goes to work to train his colts for good driving horses, can make twice the money he can raising third class trotters that never pay for their entrance fees."

Why Peter Smiled.

Senator Doran walked down the stairway that leads from the dining-room of the Morton, last evening, and his face wore the happy, contented expression of a boy who had just dropped the family cat into the fire, or of a child who had just seen a blue striped around the baby's glistening head. "Are you going to hear Grover, Monday?" inquired a reporter. "Am I going?" repeated Peter in a reproachful tone. "I should everlastingly say I was going. Stay away from Cleveland! Not occupy a front pew during the great love feast of democracy? Well, I should think not. Not until the pious Muslim turns his head away from Mecca or one of my respected political brothers refuses a post office, would I dream of staying away. I had no idea that I would go down there and would be walked upon by the multitude and have my garments rent by the man who was trying to climb over me for a better view; but I just received a note from President Angell inviting me to sit on the stage and welcome a ticket. As the university stage has a very limited seating capacity, I feel very happy over my good fortune. I worked very hard once for the university appropriations, and I suppose President Angell takes that method of letting me know that he still remembers the fact," and the senator moved in the direction of the desk, presumably to have his ticket looked up in the safe until Monday morning.

The Morton house looked as if an epidemic of railroad men had broken out in it yesterday. They came in swarms and battalions. Among them were O. W. Ruggles of Chicago, general passenger agent of the Michigan Central; L. D. Heuser of Chicago, general passenger agent; James Hall of Jackson, traveling passenger agent; C. A. Water of Detroit, traveling passenger agent of the C. & N. W. E. H. Anthony of the Santa Fe, W. H. Coleman of the Vandalia Road; W. H. Williams of the Missouri Pacific; Charles E. Wilson of the Wisconsin Central; H. A. Perkins

EULOGIZED WORDSWORTH.

Prof. Demmon at the University Extension Lecture Says He Is Great.

At the Opening of the University Extension Meeting Last Evening, President Butterfield Announced that the Lecture to be Delivered on Friday Evening, March 4, would be postponed to Saturday Evening, March 5, on account of the lecture of John Fisk at the Park Congregational church. Professor Demmon began his evening's work by offering a few suggestions relative to the study of "Sartor Resartus." Carlyle's masterpiece, that being the next subject. The lecture on Wordsworth was begun by a reference to the social and literary changes that had taken place between the time of Milton and that of Wordsworth, and the influence of the French revolution on these changes. The reasons for the existing opinions relative to the superficial character of the eighteenth century literature were discussed in connection with this. Extracts from Carlyle's essay on Dr. Johnson were read as an illustration of these opinions, and Frederic Harrison was quoted in proof of the fact that these ideas have been exaggerated. The influence of the French revolution on Wordsworth and his poetry was discussed, together with the intense democratic spirit which the young poet exhibited as a consequence of this. Wordsworth's enthusiasm and exuberance were deemed to be disappointing and, in fact, he became skeptical and indifferent, both in religion and politics. This feeling gradually changed to an unending conservatism.

Wordsworth's theory of poetry was discussed fully, and his laws of diction were commended on a particularity his idea of presenting common place things in such a manner that they would receive an unusual coloring. Wordsworth himself was quoted in support of this theory. Pope and Wordsworth were contrasted, particularly Pope's habit of calling a girl, "a nymph," a young man, "a swain," etc., and "a bard," the woods, "a grove," etc., and "a peasant," George Henry Lewis's laws of literature—simplicity, clarity and beauty—were discussed, and it was shown how peculiarly Wordsworth's poetry illustrates these laws. Wordsworth is an excellent illustration of perfect sincerity in literature. His mode of expression was singularly happy. The ballad, "Lucy Gray," was read in illustration of the singular beauty and sweetness of Wordsworth's diction; other typical selections were also read to show how simple, yet how far from commonplace, his poetry is. Wordsworth's "Intimations of Immortality" was read as an example of his deeper, more philosophical and more mature work. Professor Demmon thought Wordsworth ought to read and studied more. He is the least well-known of all the great poets and merits the most scholarly consideration.

Arrangements are being made for another course of lectures at the close of this course. Nothing positive has been determined yet, but it is possible that Professor Adams of the university will deliver a course of lectures on political economy.

SHORT SPECIALS.

Two new cases of typhus and one death were reported at New York Thursday.

The mother of Senator Squire, of Seattle, Wash., died Thursday at Clyde, O., aged 54.

North Dakota cattlemen have organized an association to inspect cattle and protect range grasses.

Seventy men were killed and seven-ton injured in an explosion of the Hercules coal mine, in Japan.

Gen. Morton Porter was elected president of the Grant Monument association of New York Thursday.

The New York legislature has passed a resolution looking toward the suppression of the proposed coal combine.

The lower house of the Mississippi legislature has passed a bill creating a new county to be called "Jeff Davis."

Twenty-five Italian and Hungarian laborers were sent back to Europe from New York because they were contract laborers.

Frank Justice, a servant of George III., was instantly killed while falling a tree, a large limb striking him and breaking his neck.

H. J. Noyes, of Richmond, Wis., was elected president of the National Dairy and Cheese-makers' association at Wabicon, Wis., Thursday.

Col. J. B. Simpson reached Dallas, Tex., Thursday and was at once arrested on a charge of embezzling \$50,000, but was released on \$5,000 bail.

St. Louis hotels declined to give apartments to Sarah Bernhardt unless she would bring the company of her husband, dogs, parrots, etc. She refused, and remained in her private car.

of the C. B. I. & P. Joseph Demmon of the University Extension.

J. C. Demmon, proprietor of the Morton house, and J. C. Demmon, of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

A. J. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.

Dr. J. C. Demmon, a long time resident of the Morton house, died at the Morton house, last evening.